CHAPTERChapter 2

SANITATION RULESInfection Control

Section 1. The use of barber shops as a living, dining or sleeping apartment is prohibited. No barber shop may be established in a residence except by permission of the State Board of Barbers Examiners.

Section 2. No barber shop shall be located in connection with the following activities or structures unless there is a solid partition from floor to the ceiling which physically separates such activities:

- (a) Living quarters.
- (b) Food service, bars or lounges, bakeries, grocery stores, pet shops, or garages.
- (c) The Board may require the positive physical separation of a barber shop from adjacent activities which creates or tends to create unsanitary conditions in the barber shop or the adjacent activity.

Section 3. The walls, furniture, all fixtures, and all other personal property in barber shops shall at all times be kept clean and in good repair; jardinières and cuspidors shall be for display purposes only. Floor shall be kept clean and hair clippings shall be removed from the floor.

Section 4. Every barber shop shall be equipped with hot and cold potable running water in sufficient quantity to provide ample amounts for adequate and complete cleaning of the shop and customer needs. Provision shall be made for approved waste disposal of liquid and solid wastes. The water supply shall comply with the requirements of the Federal Safe Drinking Water Act, the safe drinking water amendment 42 U.S.C. §300 g et seq. and the regulations adopted thereunder.

Section 5. All equipment, implements, and/or instruments shall be properly cleaned with soap and water and completely immersed in an approved disinfected following each use. All clippers and trimmers must be cleaned and disinfected according to manufacturers recommendations after each use. Disinfecting solutions which shall be an EPA registered, hospital grade, bactericidal, virucidal and fungicidal disinfectant. All clean, disinfected equipment, implements and/or instruments shall be stored in a clean dry disinfected cabinet or container. A clean neck strip and/or towel shall be used for each customer. Clean towels must be kept in a closed cabinet. Soiled towels shall be placed in a closed container.

<u>Section 1.</u> Infection Control and Safety Standards, adopted from the National Interstate Council of Cosmetology and Barbering (NIC).

- (a) Wet disinfection and storage standards.
- (i) Prior to use on any client, all non-porous tools and implements or multiuse items must be cleaned AND disinfected. Items must be cleaned with soap and warm water or a chemical cleaner. The items must then be disinfected by complete

immersion in an EPA registered, bactericidal, virucidal, fungicidal (Formulated for Hospitals) disinfectant that is mixed and used according to the manufacturer's directions. Note: Items that are porous are not able to be disinfected and must be disposed of after each use.

- (ii) Items MUST stay immersed or visibly moist with disinfectant for the entire contact time listed on the manufacturer's label to be effective.
- (iii) All disinfectant solution must be changed per the manufacturer's label or sooner if contaminated.
 - (b) Dry storage standards.
- (i) Disinfected implements must be stored in a disinfected, dry covered container and be isolated from contaminants. At no time can these items come into contact with used/dirty items.
 - (c) Hand washing.
- (i) Thoroughly wash hands and the exposed portions of arms with soap and water before providing services to each client and after, smoking, drinking, eating, and using the restroom.
- **Section 2.** Blood Exposure Procedure Standards, adopted from NIC.
 - (a) If a blood exposure should occur, the following steps must be followed:
- (i) When possible injured party should go to a sink and rinse injury with running water and "milk" the injury if possible to remove any bacteria that may have entered the wound.
- (ii) Supply injured party with antiseptic or single use packet of antibacterial ointment on the appropriate dressing to cover the injury.
- (iii) Bag all blood-soiled (contaminated) porous articles and dispose of in trash. Immediately wash and disinfect all non-porous items (do not continue service with these items).
- (b) The following is the responsibility of the candidate/student/licensee and should be executed as follows. Candidate, Student, License injury.
- (i) Protection if a cut is sustained, stop the service, put on gloves (if appropriate) and clean the injured area.
 - (ii) Apply antiseptic to the injured area;
 - (iii) Dressing cover the injury with the appropriate adhesive dressing;
 - (iv) Cover injured area with finger guard or glove if appropriate;
 - (v) Bag and dispose of all contaminated single use items;
 - (vi) Remove gloves and wash hands;
 - (vii) Clean model/client;
 - (viii) Clean and disinfect implements and station;
 - (ix) Clean hands; and
 - (x) Return to the service.
 - (c) Model/Client injury
 - (i) Stop service;
 - (ii) Glove hands of candidate/student/licensee;
 - (iii) Clean injured area;

- (iv) Apply antiseptic
- (v) Cover the injury with the appropriate dressing to prevent further blood exposure;
 - (vi) Bag and dispose of all contaminated single use items;
 - (vii) Clean and disinfect any implements or surfaces contaminated;
 - (viii) Clean hands; and
 - (ix) Return to services.
 - (d) Examination
- (i) Examiners are to use new disposable latex gloves or non-allergenic equivalent when checking the candidate's service. Bag and dispose used gloves;
 - (ii) Follow with washing hands;
 - (iii) Documents incident in blood exposure log; and
- (iv) Do not allow containers, brushes, nozzles or liquid styptic container to touch the skin or contact the wound. Use an applicator.
- **Section 3.** Additional Infection Control.
 - (a) Clippers and Trimmers
- (i) All clippers and trimmers must be cleaned and disinfected after each use with disinfectant designed for clippers and trimmers, and used according to manufactures recommendations.
- (ii) Clipper wash may be used as a cleaner prior to disinfection, but is not acceptable as a disinfectant unless it is labeled as germicidal, virucidal and fungicidal with proven effectiveness against HIV, HEPB and Staphylococcus aureus (including MRSA). When labeled as such, it must be used as specified by the manufacturer.
 - (b) Leather Barber Strop
- (i) A Leather Barber Strop is a porous items that may be used in the Barber Shop, but only if razor has been cleaned and disinfected in accordance with Section 1, item (i) of this chapter prior to use on strop. A strop may not be used during service when the blade has come in contact with the patron.
 - (c) Products
- (i) All lotions, waxes, creams and hair/shave preparations must be removed from the original container in a manner that does not contaminate the product remaining in the container. Bare hands may not be used to remove product from any container. Product must be removed with a spatula that is single use and disposed of after use or multi-use and disinfected after each "dip" into the container. This does not apply to items in squeeze tubes, spray bottles or shakers.
 - (d) Barber Chairs.
- (i) All headrest of barber chairs shall be cleaned, or have a clean cover or towel between each usage. When not in use, the headrest must be kept in a clean place which is free of dust and debris.
 - (e) Infectious Disease.
- (i) No person infected with a disease in a communicable form which can be transmitted in the course of his employment shall work in a shop or school.
 - (ii) Licensees shall not treat or attempt to treat any disease of the skin.

- (f) All barbers shall have an adequate amount of implements so that proper disinfection can occur between customers.
- (g) Coffee or other refreshments shall be served in single use containers with lids only.
- (h) Restroom facilities shall be adequately supplied with disposable hand towels or dryers and liquid or powder soap.

Section 6. Section 4. Prohibited equipment.

- (a) Common shaving brushes;
- (b) Finger bowls;
- (c) Lump alum (when used for styptic purposes);
- (d) Sponges
- (e) (d) Powder puffs; and
- (f) (e) Wooden handle, Natural bristle neck brushes

Section 7. All headrests of barber chairs shall be equipped with a paper dispenser which will provide a paper covering for the headrest or a clean towel may used to cover the headrest. The paper covering or towel shall be replaced following each usage. When not in use, the headrest must be kept in a clean place which is free of dust and debris.

Section 8. No barber shall shave or cut the hair of any person who appears to have an infectious condition.

Section 9. All barbers shall wash their hands thoroughly with soap and water after using the restroom and before rendering Barber services to a customer.

Section 10. The use of alum or other material to stop the flow of blood is prohibited unless as a powder applied with a clean towel or in a liquid form.

Section 11. It shall be the duty of the head barber or manager of each barber shop, barber school or barber college to insure that each barber employed has a license to practice barbering in the State of Wyoming. Licenses shall be posted in front of work stands where they may be easily seen. All licenses must be renewed on or before the first day of July each year. Every shop and school shall post a copy of the most recent inspection sheet, sanitation rules and regulations, wet disinfection standards and blood spill procedures in a conspicuous location in the place of business.

Section 12. No shop or school license, barber license or permit can be transferred. When a shop or school is sold the party holding license for the shop must return it to the Board of Barber Examiner. The new owner(s) must obtain a new license for the same shop.

Section 13. Special inspections are required for new shops and schools, shops or schools changing locations and re-opening that have been closed three months or more.

They will be charged a fee as set forth in Chapter III of the Board of Barber Examiners Rules and Regulations.

Section 14. In the event a barber shop or barber school is found by the inspecting member of the State Board of Barber Examiners or their designee to be in violation of these rules and, in the opinion of the inspector, constitutes a health hazard, the Local or State Department of Health shall be notified. If findings indicate that practices or physical condition of the shop or school constitutes a health hazard, the Board shall institute immediate action to close the shop until corrections have been accomplished.

Section 15. Coffee or other refreshments shall be served in a single use containers only.

Section 16. Restroom facilities shall be adequately supplied with disposable hand towels and liquid or powder antibacterial soap.